

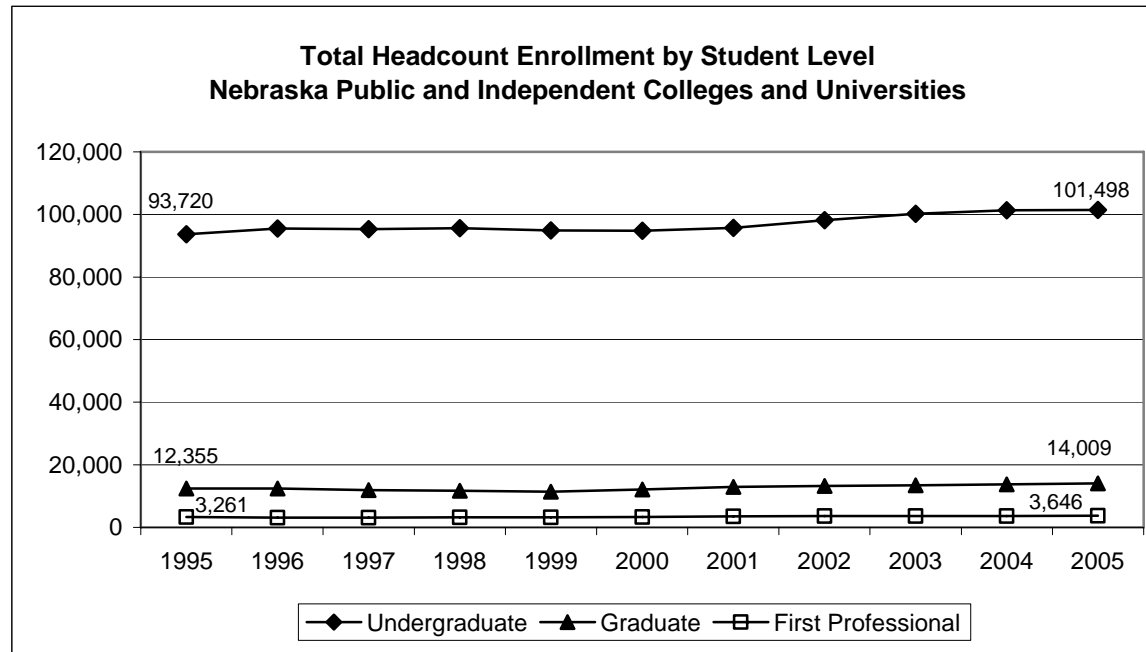
Section A.2
Total Enrollment by Student Level
(Undergraduate, Graduate, and First Professional¹)
and by Full-Time/Part-Time Classification

¹First-Professional Programs in Nebraska:

1. Dentistry (DDS, DMD)
2. Medicine (MD)
3. Pharmacy
4. Law

TOTAL HEADCOUNT ENROLLMENT by STUDENT LEVEL: 1995-2005

- Total undergraduate enrollment at Nebraska's public and independent colleges and universities increased by 8.3% over the 10-year period between fall 1995 and fall 2005 when total undergraduate headcount reached 101,498.
- In fall 2005, a total of 14,009 students were enrolled at the graduate level, an increase of 13.4% from fall 1995.
- Total enrollment in first-professional programs¹ increased 11.8%, from 3,261 students in 1995 to 3,646 students in 2005.



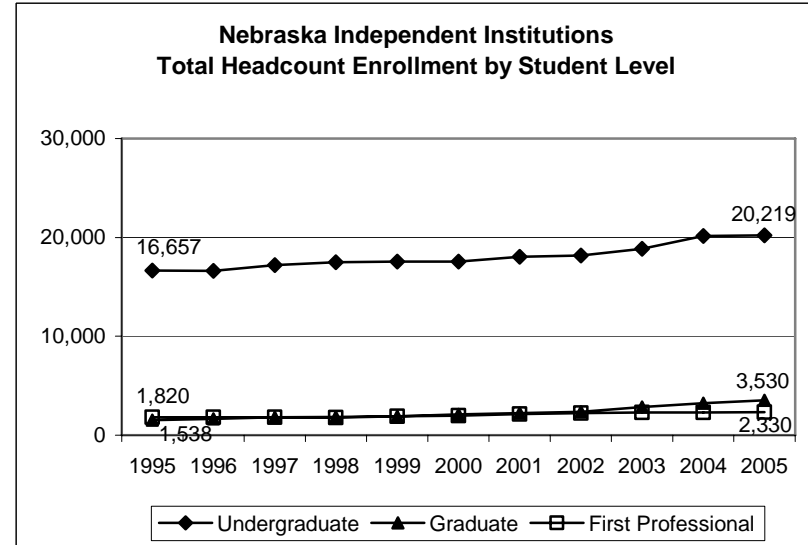
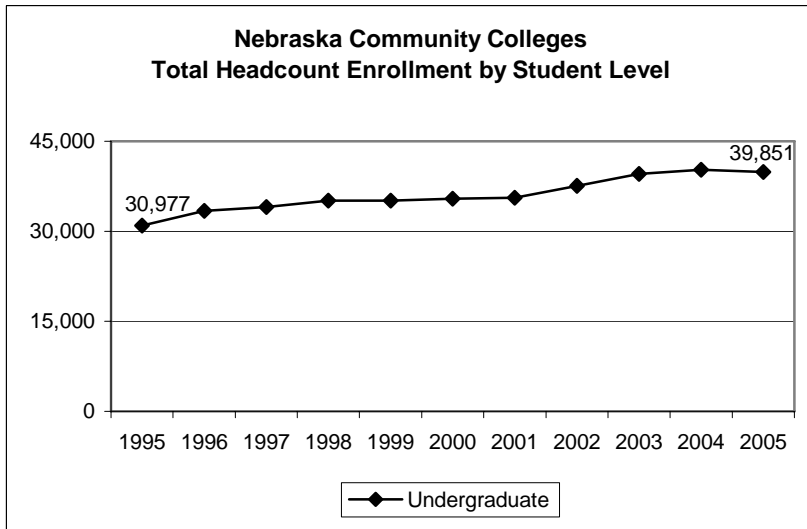
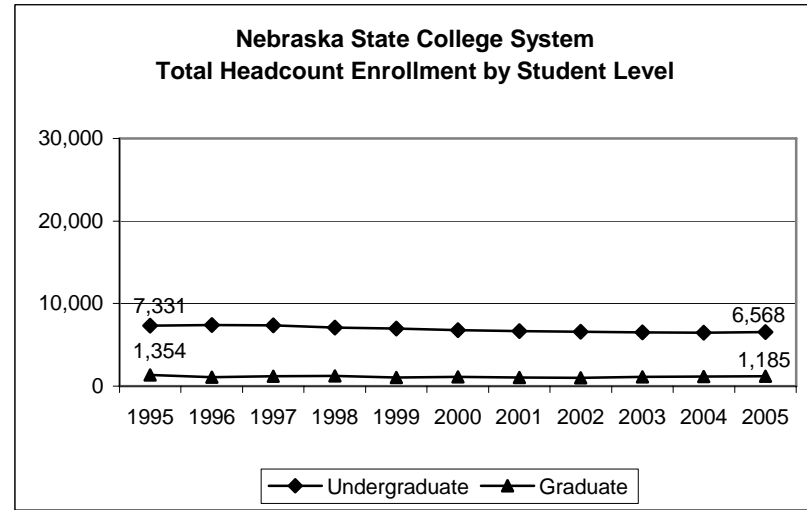
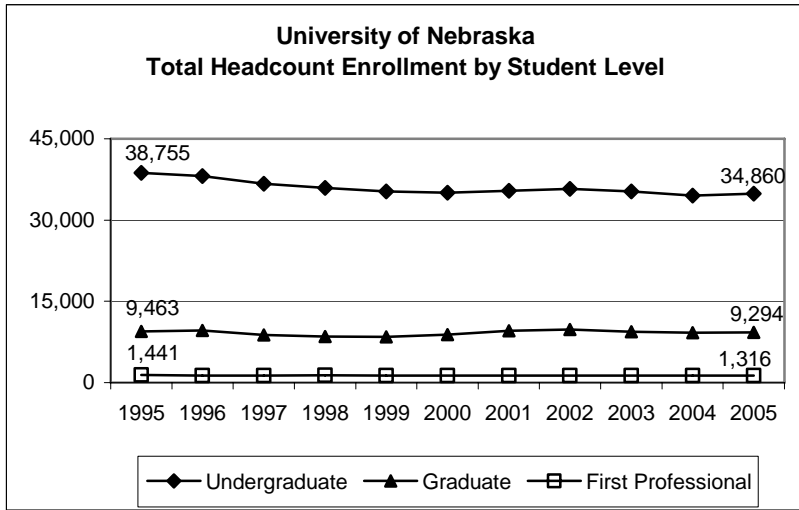
¹In Nebraska, there are first-professional programs in dentistry, medicine, pharmacy, and law.

See [Table A10](#) for sector and institution headcount data by student level and by full-time and part-time classification for 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005. Ten-year trend data by sector and by institution are available in the spreadsheet titled **Enrollment by Sector-Level-FT-PT** in the **downloadable Excel workbook**: [FL 95-05 Sec A Web Workbook.xls](#)

TOTAL HEADCOUNT ENROLLMENT by SECTOR and by STUDENT LEVEL: 1995-2005

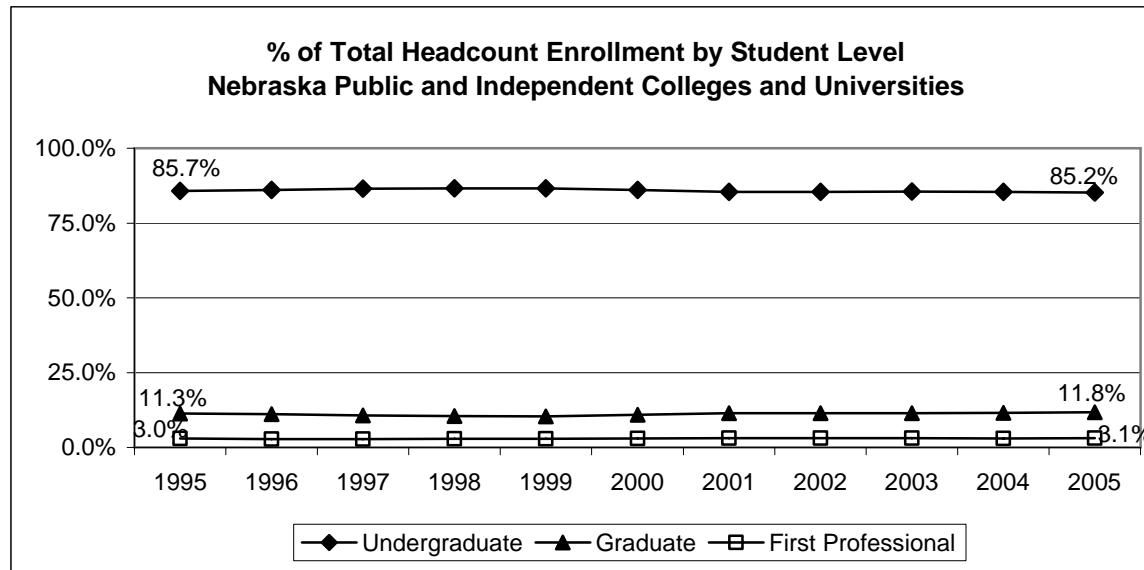
- As shown on the charts on the following page, 10-year enrollment trends in undergraduate, graduate, and first-professional programs have varied by sector.
 - Between fall 1995 and fall 2005, undergraduate and graduate enrollments decreased at the University of Nebraska and the Nebraska state colleges, and first-professional enrollment also decreased at the University of Nebraska.
 - In comparison, undergraduate enrollment increased at the Nebraska community colleges and independent institutions, and the independent institutions also experienced growth in graduate and first-professional enrollments.

TOTAL HEADCOUNT ENROLLMENT by SECTOR and by STUDENT LEVEL: 1995-2005



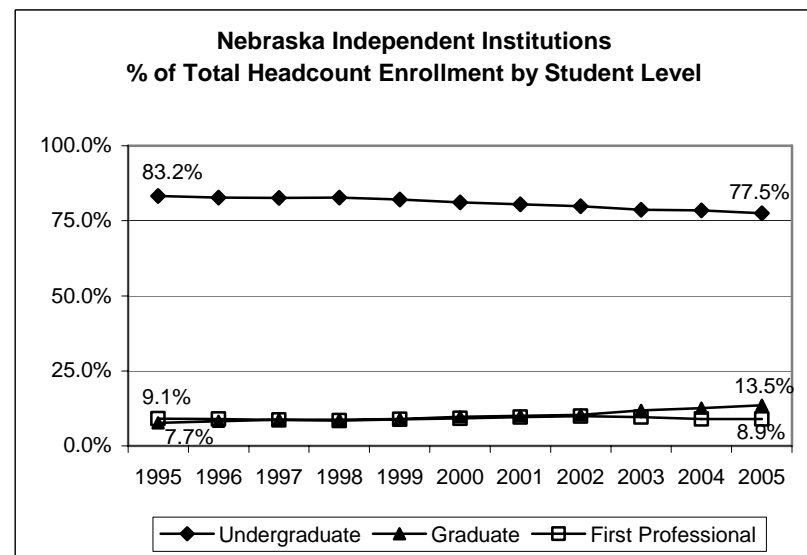
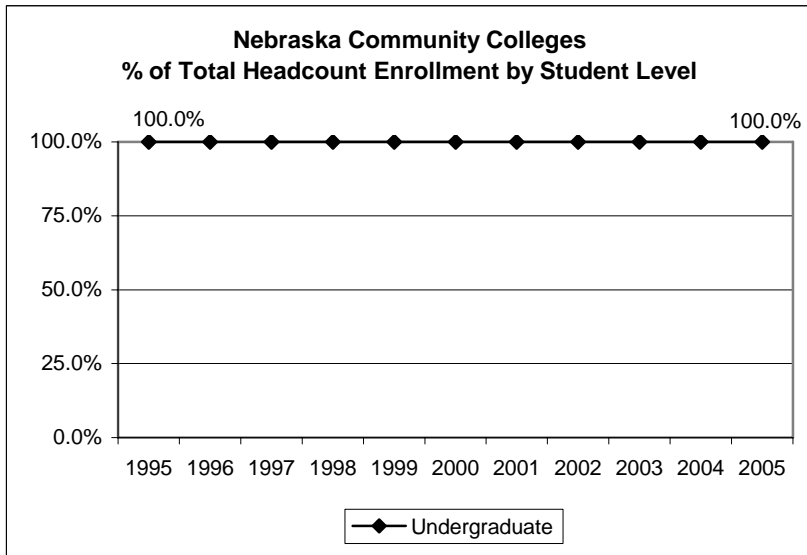
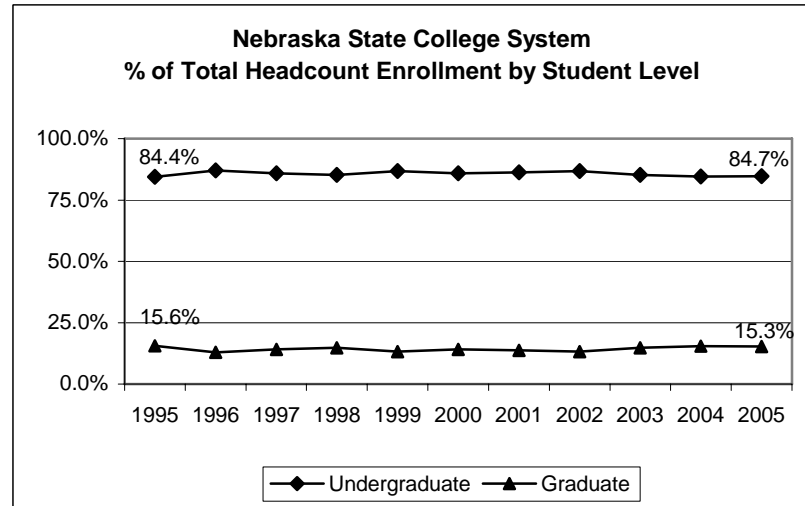
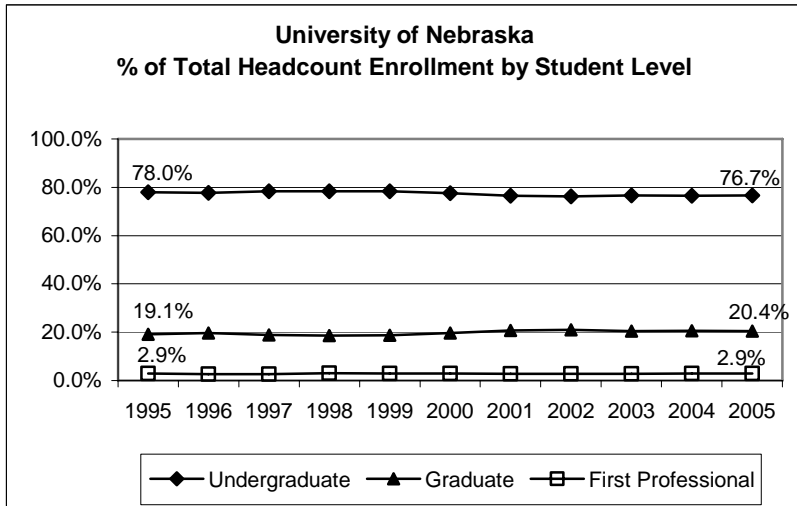
Percentage of TOTAL HEADCOUNT ENROLLMENT by STUDENT LEVEL: 1995-2005

- Since decreases in enrollment at the University of Nebraska and Nebraska state colleges were offset by gains in enrollment at Nebraska community colleges and independent institutions, there were only small changes between 1995 and 2005 in total undergraduate, graduate, and first-professional enrollments as percentages of the total headcount enrollment.
- Between fall 1995 and fall 2005, total undergraduate enrollment at Nebraska public and independent colleges and universities decreased only slightly as a percentage of total headcount enrollment, accounting for 85.2% of enrollment in 2005.
- During the same 10-year period, there were very small increases in the percentages of students who were enrolled in graduate and first-professional programs.
- However, the percentages of students who studied at the undergraduate, graduate, and first-professional levels varied by sector. As shown in the charts on the following page, there was a significant increase in the percentage of students at independent institutions who studied at the graduate level and a comparable decrease in the percentage of students at the undergraduate level between fall 1995 and fall 2005. In comparison, percentage enrollments by level at the public institutions were relatively stable over the 10-year period.



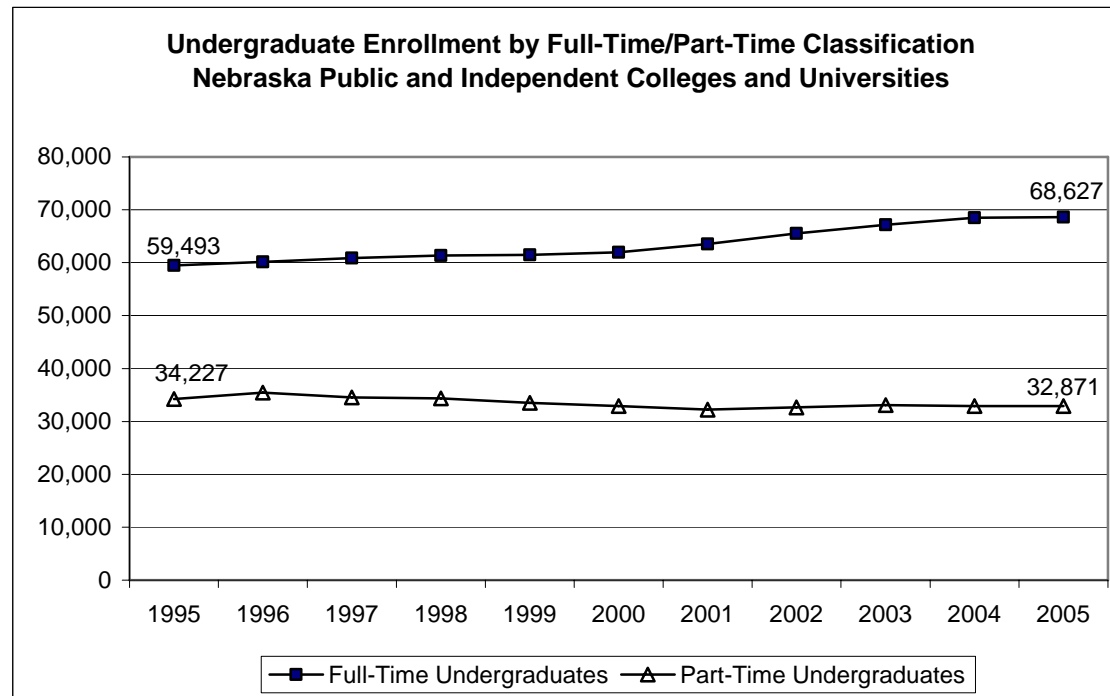
See [Table A10](#) for sector and institution headcount data by student level and by full-time and part-time classification for 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005. Ten-year trend data by sector and by institution are available in the spreadsheet titled **Enrollment by Sector-Level-FT-PT** in the **downloadable Excel workbook: [FL 95-05 Sec A Web Workbook.xls](#)**

Percentage of TOTAL HEADCOUNT ENROLLMENT by SECTOR and by STUDENT LEVEL: 1995-2005



UNDERGRADUATE ENROLLMENT by FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME CLASSIFICATION: 1995-2005

- Total full-time undergraduate enrollment at Nebraska's public and independent colleges and universities increased by 15.4% between fall 1995 and fall 2005, when full-time enrollment reached 68,627.
- In comparison, part-time undergraduate enrollment decreased by 4.0% over the 10-year period.



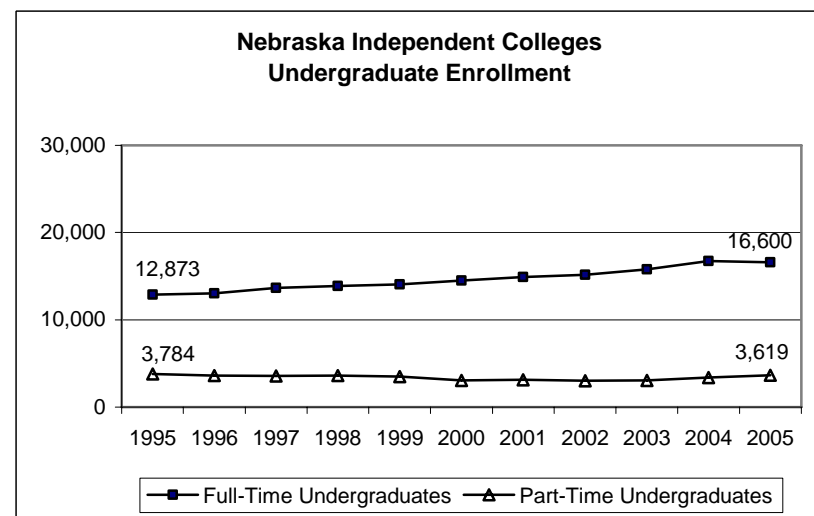
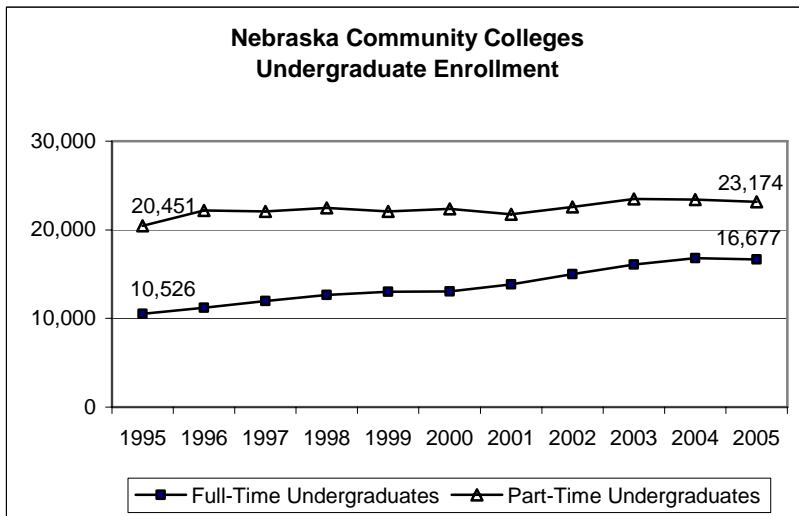
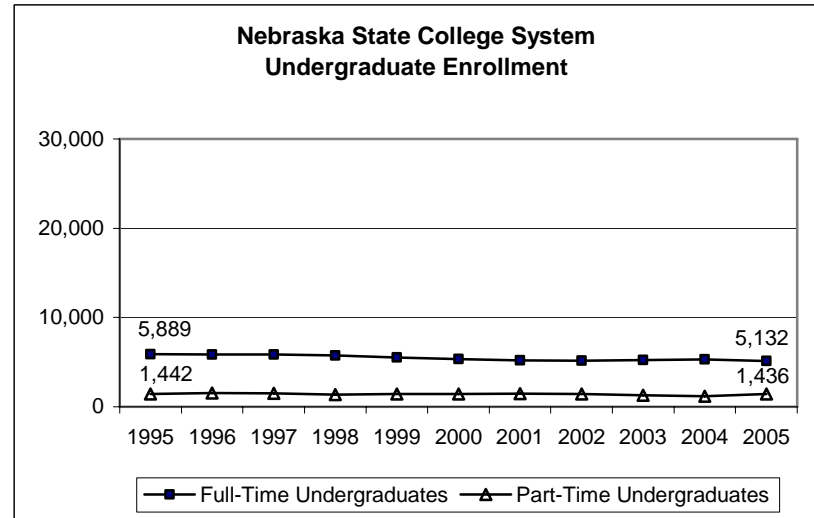
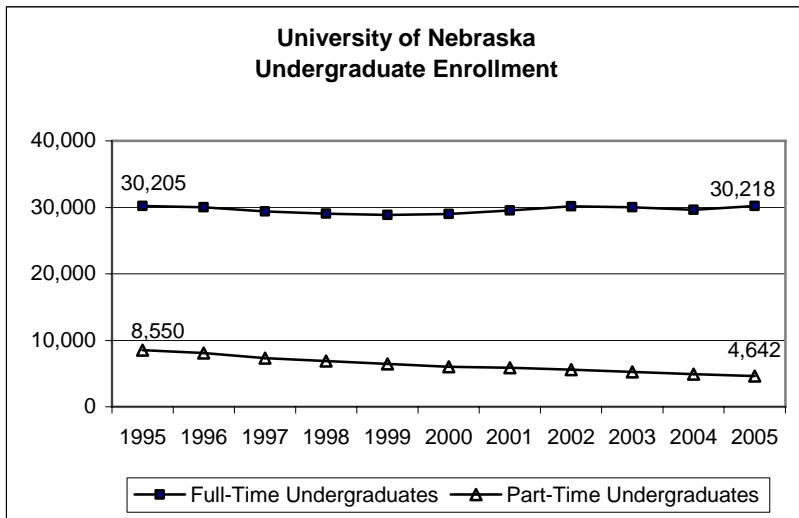
See [Table A10](#) for sector and institution headcount data by student level and by full-time and part-time classification for 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005. Ten-year trend data by sector and by institution are available in the spreadsheet titled **Enrollment by Sector-Level-FT-PT** in the **downloadable Excel workbook**: [FL 95-05 Sec A Web Workbook.xls](#)

UNDERGRADUATE ENROLLMENT by SECTOR and by FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME CLASSIFICATION: 1995-2005

- As shown on the charts on the following page, 10-year trends in full-time and part-time enrollment varied by sector.
 - The University of Nebraska enrolled almost exactly the same number of full-time undergraduates in fall 2005 as in fall 1995, but the university experienced a 45.7% decrease in part-time undergraduate enrollment between 1995 and 2005.
 - The Nebraska State College System experienced a 12.9% decrease in full-time undergraduate enrollment, but part-time enrollment decreased by less than one percent between fall 1995 and fall 2005.
 - During the same 10-year period, Nebraska's independent college and universities experienced a 4.4% decrease in part-time undergraduate enrollment, while full-time enrollment increased by 29.0%.
 - Nebraska community colleges were the only sector that experienced increases in both full-time and part-time undergraduate enrollments between fall 1995 and fall 2005. Specifically, full-time enrollment rose by 58.4%, while part-time enrollment increased by 13.3%.

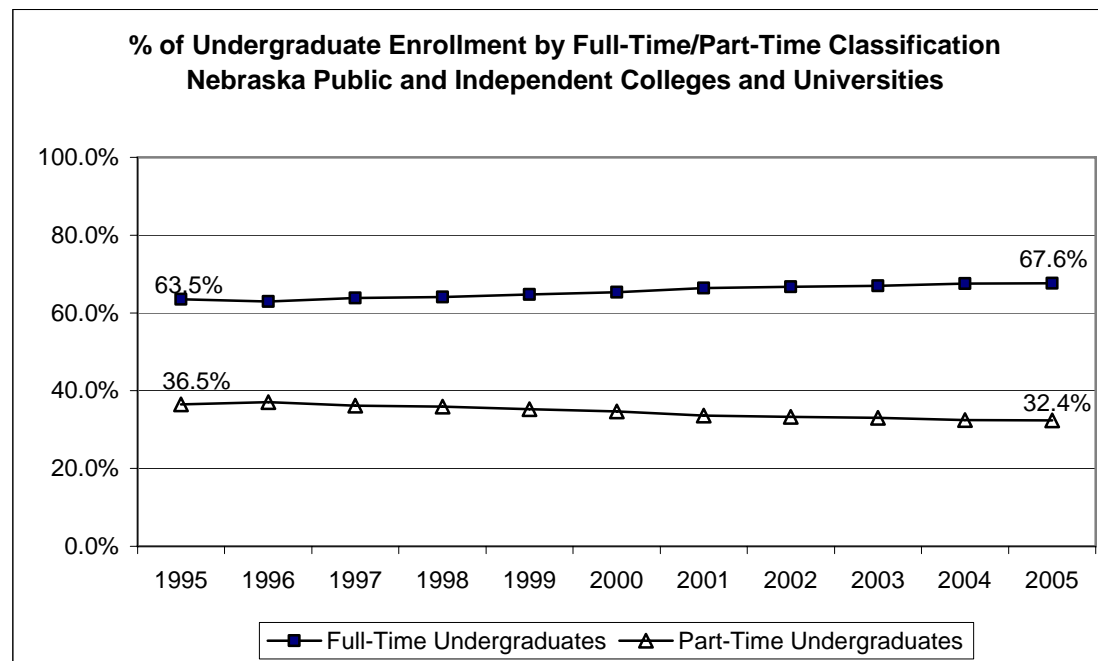
See [Table A10](#) for sector and institution headcount data by student level and by full-time and part-time classification for 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005. Ten-year trend data by sector and by institution are available in the spreadsheet titled **Enrollment by Sector-Level-FT-PT** in the **downloadable Excel workbook**: [FL 95-05 Sec A Web Workbook.xls](#)

UNDERGRADUATE ENROLLMENT by SECTOR and by FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME CLASSIFICATION: 1995-2005



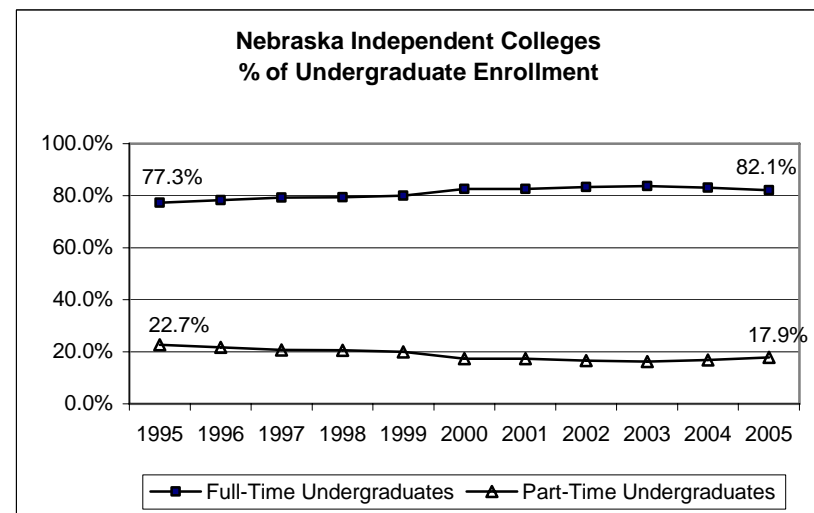
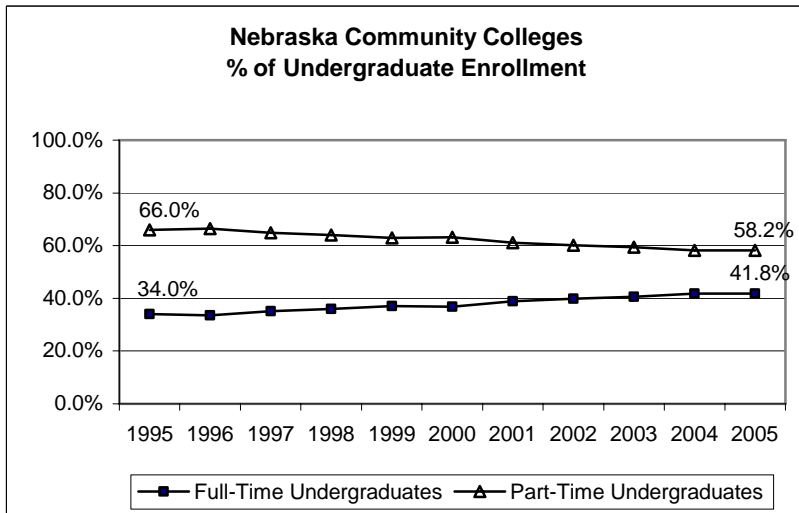
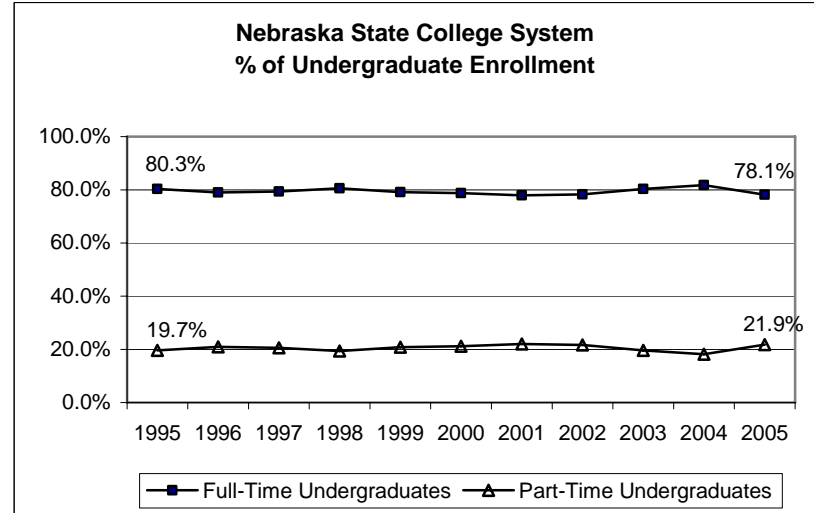
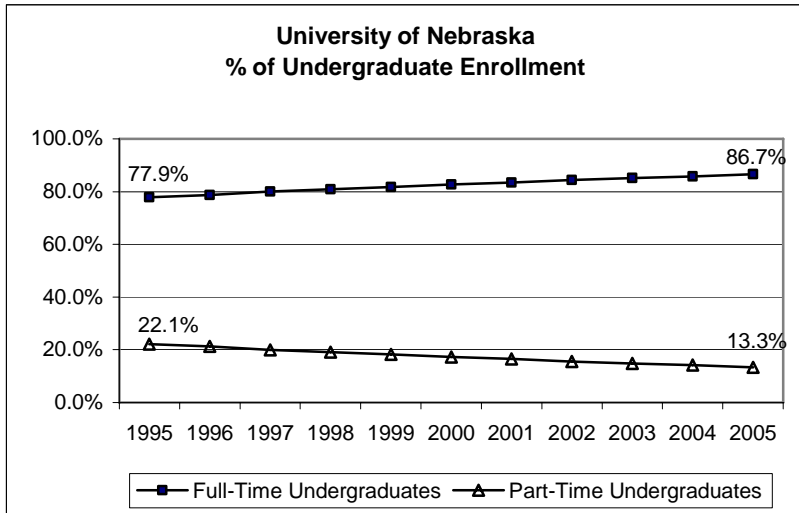
Percentage of UNDERGRADUATE ENROLLMENT by FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME CLASSIFICATION: 1995-2005

- As shown in the chart below, the percentage of undergraduates who attended Nebraska public and independent institutions on a full-time basis increased from 63.5% in fall 1995 to 67.6% in fall 2005, but the percentages of undergraduates who were enrolled full time or part time varied by sector.
- As shown in the charts on the following page, the percentage of students who were enrolled full time increased at the University of Nebraska, from 77.9% in 1995 to 86.7% in 2005. This shift was due primarily to the university experiencing a 45.7% decline in part-time undergraduate enrollment, while full-time enrollment remained relatively stable. (See page A.2.9.)
- The percentages of students who were enrolled full time also increased at Nebraska's community colleges and independent institutions, but these shifts were the result of significant enrollment increases of full-time undergraduates in both sectors.
- In comparison, the percentage of undergraduates who attended full time slightly decreased at Nebraska state colleges.



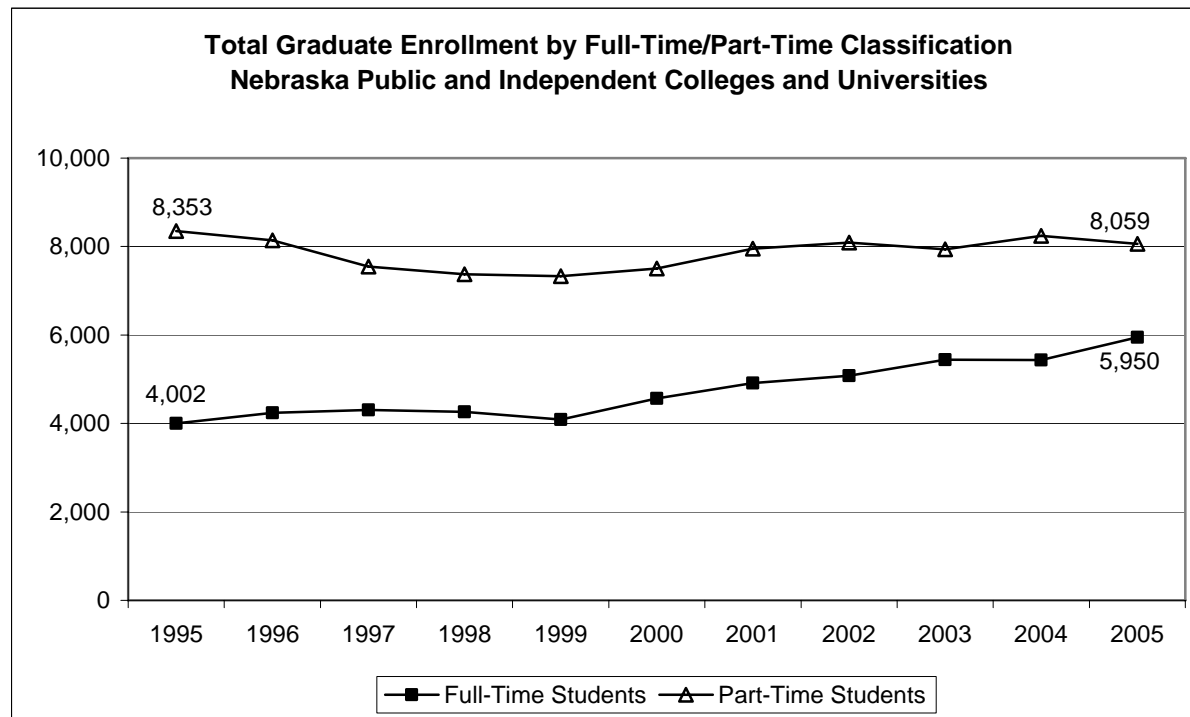
See [Table A10](#) for sector and institution headcount data by student level and by full-time and part-time classification for 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005. Ten-year trend data by sector and by institution are available in the spreadsheet titled **Enrollment by Sector-Level-FT-PT** in the **downloadable Excel workbook**: [FL 95-05 Sec A Web Workbook.xls](#)

**Percentage of UNDERGRADUATE ENROLLMENT by SECTOR
and by FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME CLASSIFICATION: 1995-2005**



GRADUATE ENROLLMENT by FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME CLASSIFICATION: 1995-2005

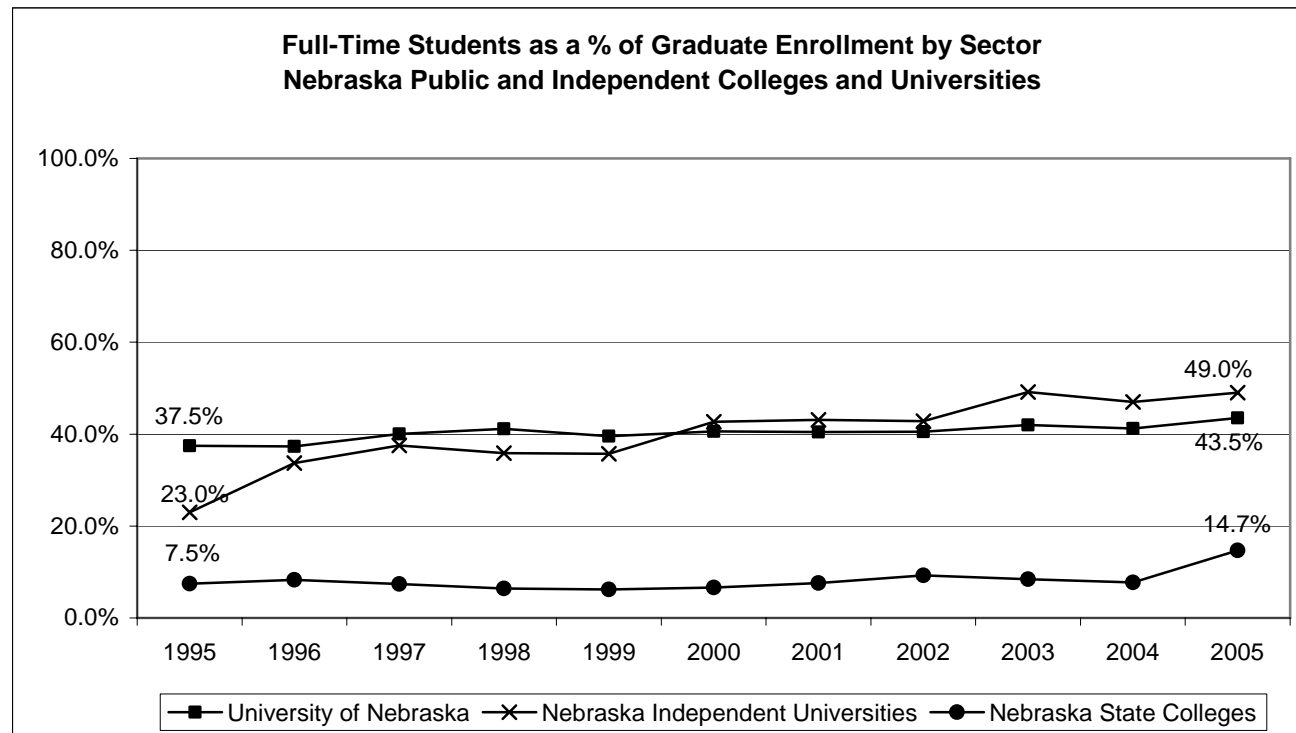
- Between fall 1995 and fall 2005, total enrollment of students at the graduate level increased by 13.4%, from 12,355 in 1995 to 14,009 in 2005.
- During this period, enrollment of part-time graduate students decreased by 3.5%, whereas full-time graduate student enrollment increased by 48.7%.



See [Table A10](#) for sector and institution headcount data by student level and by full-time and part-time classification for 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005. Ten-year trend data by sector and by institution are available in the spreadsheet titled **Enrollment by Sector-Level-FT-PT** in the **downloadable Excel workbook: [FL 95-05 Sec A Web Workbook.xls](#)**

FULL-TIME GRADUATE ENROLLMENT by SECTOR: 1995-2005

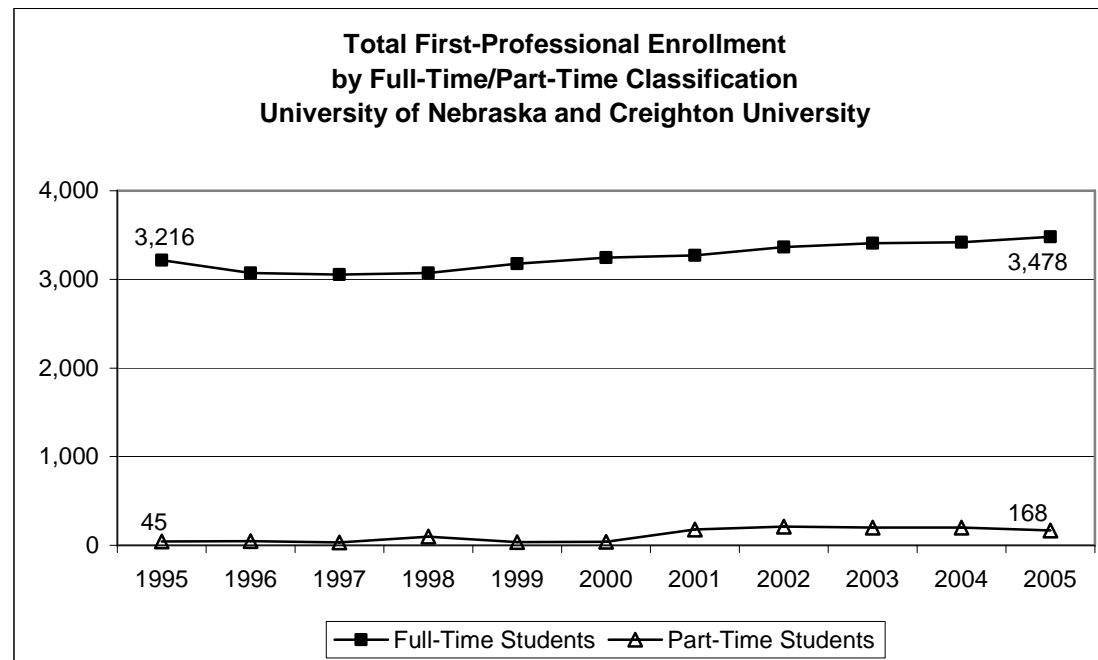
- As a result of the increase in the number of full-time graduate students, these students accounted for higher percentages of total graduate enrollment in fall 2005 than in fall 1995.
- Among the three sectors that offer graduate programs, Nebraska independent universities experienced the highest percentage increase in the enrollment of full-time graduate students, and the percentage enrollment of full-time graduate students also increased at the University of Nebraska and the Nebraska state colleges between 1995 and 2005.



See [Table A10](#) for sector and institution headcount data by student level and by full-time and part-time classification for 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005. Ten-year trend data by sector and by institution are available in the spreadsheet titled **Enrollment by Sector-Level-FT-PT** in the **downloadable Excel workbook: [FL 95-05 Sec A Web Workbook.xls](#)**

FIRST-PROFESSIONAL ENROLLMENT by FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME CLASSIFICATION: 1995-2005

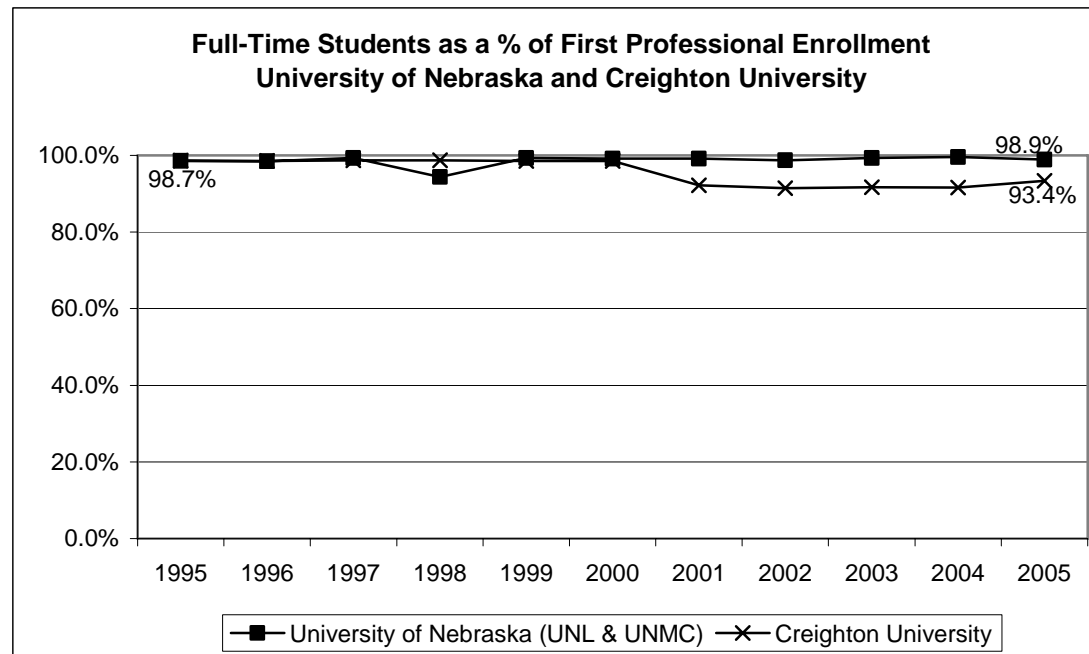
- First-professional programs are offered by the University of Nebraska-Lincoln, the University of Nebraska Medical Center, and Creighton University. In Nebraska, dentistry, medicine, pharmacy, and law are considered as first-professional programs for IPEDS surveys.
- Between fall 1995 and fall 2005, total enrollment of students at the first-professional level increased by 11.8%, from 3,261 to 3,646.
- As illustrated in the following chart, full-time enrollment of first-professional students increased by 8.1%, from 3,216 in fall 1995 to 3,478 in fall 2005.
- Part-time enrollment of first-professional students also increased from 45 students in 1995 to 168 students in 2005. In total, part-time enrollment increased from 1.4% to 4.6% of total first-professional enrollment between fall 1995 and fall 2005.



See [Table A10](#) for sector and institution headcount data by student level and by full-time and part-time classification for 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005. Ten-year trend data by sector and by institution are available in the spreadsheet titled **Enrollment by Sector-Level-FT-PT** in the **downloadable Excel workbook**: [FL 95-05 Sec A Web Workbook.xls](#)

FULL-TIME FIRST PROFESSIONAL ENROLLMENT by SECTOR: 1995-2005

- In fall 2005, full-time students accounted for 98.9% of total first-professional enrollment at the University of Nebraska-Lincoln and the University of Nebraska Medical Center (UNMC), combined.
- In comparison, full-time students accounted for 93.4% of the first-professional enrollment at Creighton University, which is the only institution within the independent sector that offers first-professional programs.



See [Table A10](#) for sector and institution headcount data by student level and by full-time and part-time classification for 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005. Ten-year trend data by sector and by institution are available in the spreadsheet titled **Enrollment by Sector-Level-FT-PT** in the **downloadable Excel workbook**: [FL 95-05 Sec A Web Workbook.xls](#)